
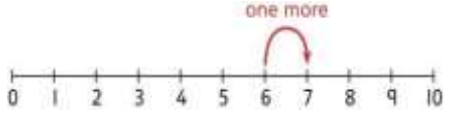
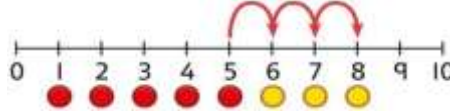

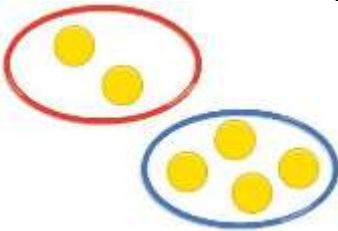
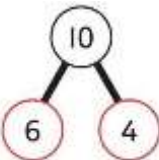




Calculation Policy – EYFS



EYFS

	Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract
EYFS Addition	Counting and adding more Children add one more person or object to a group to find one more.	Counting and adding more Children add one more cube or counter to a group to represent one more.  <i>One more than 4 is 5.</i>	Counting and adding more Use a number line to understand how to link counting on with finding one more.  <i>One more than 6 is 7. 7 is one more than 6.</i> Learn to link counting on with adding more than one.  $5 + 3 = 8$
	Understanding part-part-whole relationship Sort people and objects into parts and understand the relationship with the whole.  <i>The parts are 2 and 4. The whole is 6.</i>	Understanding part-part-whole relationship Children draw to represent the parts and understand the relationship with the whole.  <i>The parts are 2 and 4. The whole is 6.</i>	Understanding part-part-whole relationship Use a part-whole model to represent the numbers.  $6 + 4 = 10$ $6 + 4 = 10$



Calculation Policy – EYFS



Knowing and finding number bonds within 10
Break apart a group and put back together to find and form number bonds.

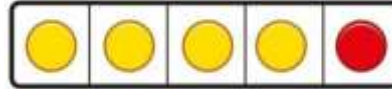


$3 + 4 = 7$

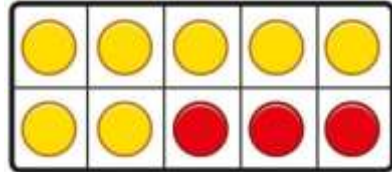


$6 = 2 + 4$

Knowing and finding number bonds within 10
Use five and ten frames to represent key number bonds.

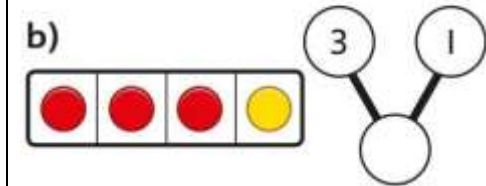
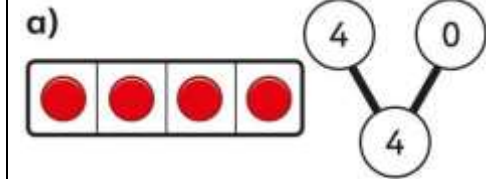


$5 = 4 + 1$



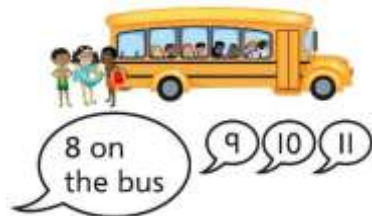
$10 = 7 + 3$

Knowing and finding number bonds within 10
Use a part-whole model alongside other representations to find number bonds. Make sure to include examples where one of the parts is zero.

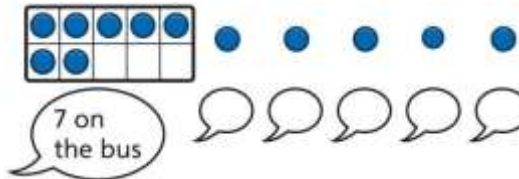


$4 + 0 = 4$
 $3 + 1 = 4$

Adding by counting on
Children use knowledge of counting to 20 to find a total by counting on using people or objects.




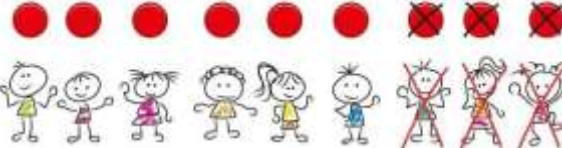


Adding by counting on
Children use counters to support and represent their counting on strategy.





Calculation Policy – EYFS







<p>EYFS Subtraction</p>	<p>Counting back and taking away Children arrange objects and remove to find how many are left.</p>  <p>1 less than 6 is 5. 6 subtract 1 is 5.</p>	<p>Counting back and taking away Children draw and cross out or use counters to represent objects from a problem.</p>  <p>$9 - \square = \square$ There are <input type="text"/> children left.</p>	<p>Counting back and taking away Children count back to take away and use a number line or number track to support the method.</p>  <p>$9 - 3 = 6$</p>
	<p>Finding a missing part, given a whole and a part Children separate a whole into parts and understand how one part can be found by subtraction.</p>  <p>$8 - 5 = ?$</p>		



Calculation Policy – EYFS



	<p>Subtraction within 10 Understand when and how to subtract 1s efficiently.</p> <p>Use a bead string to subtract 1s efficiently.</p>  $5 - 3 = 2$	<p>Subtraction within 10 Understand when and how to subtract 1s efficiently.</p>  $5 - 3 = 2$	<p>Subtraction within 10 Understand how to use knowledge of bonds within 10 to subtract efficiently.</p> $5 - 3 = 2$
<p>EYFS Division Double and halving</p>	<p>Grouping Learn to make equal groups from a whole and find how many equal groups of a certain size can be made.</p> <p>Sort a whole set people and objects into equal groups.</p>  <p><i>There are 10 children altogether. There are 2 in each group. There are 5 groups.</i></p>	<p>Grouping Represent a whole and work out how many equal groups.</p>  <p><i>There are 10 in total. There are 5 in each group. There are 2 groups.</i></p>	
	<p>Sharing Share a set of objects into equal parts and work out how many are in each part.</p> 